



Center of Excellence for Preservation
and Service Life Extension

Gardiner Expressway Case Study

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THE WORLD'S GATHERING PLACE FOR ADVANCING CONCRETE



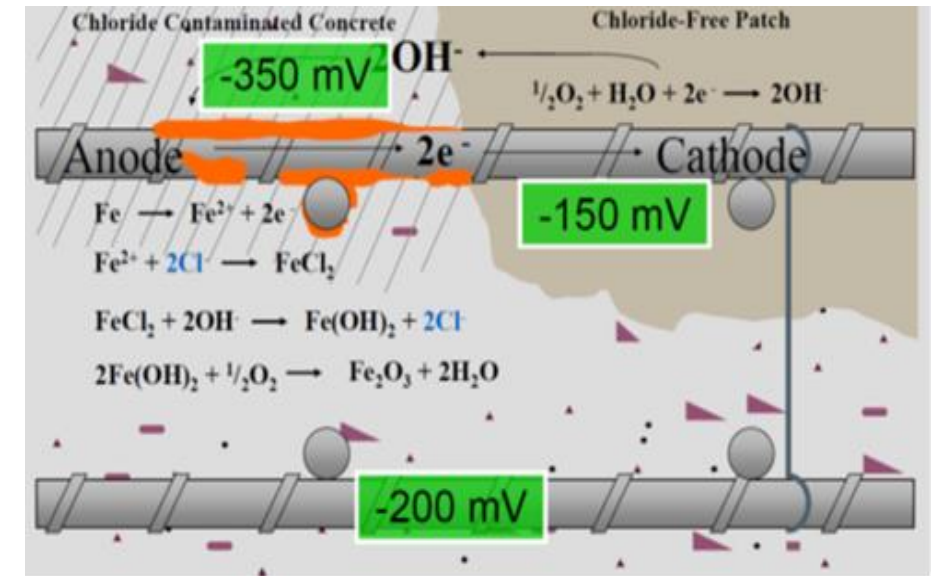


Gardiner Expressway- Background

- 4 mile long (6+ km long), 6 lane elevated Expressway.
- Constructed in the late 1950s
- De-icing salt caused corrosion of the reinforcing steel and concrete spalling
- Remedial work started in the 1990s at a cost of **\$8 million per year.**



Non-Durable Repairs



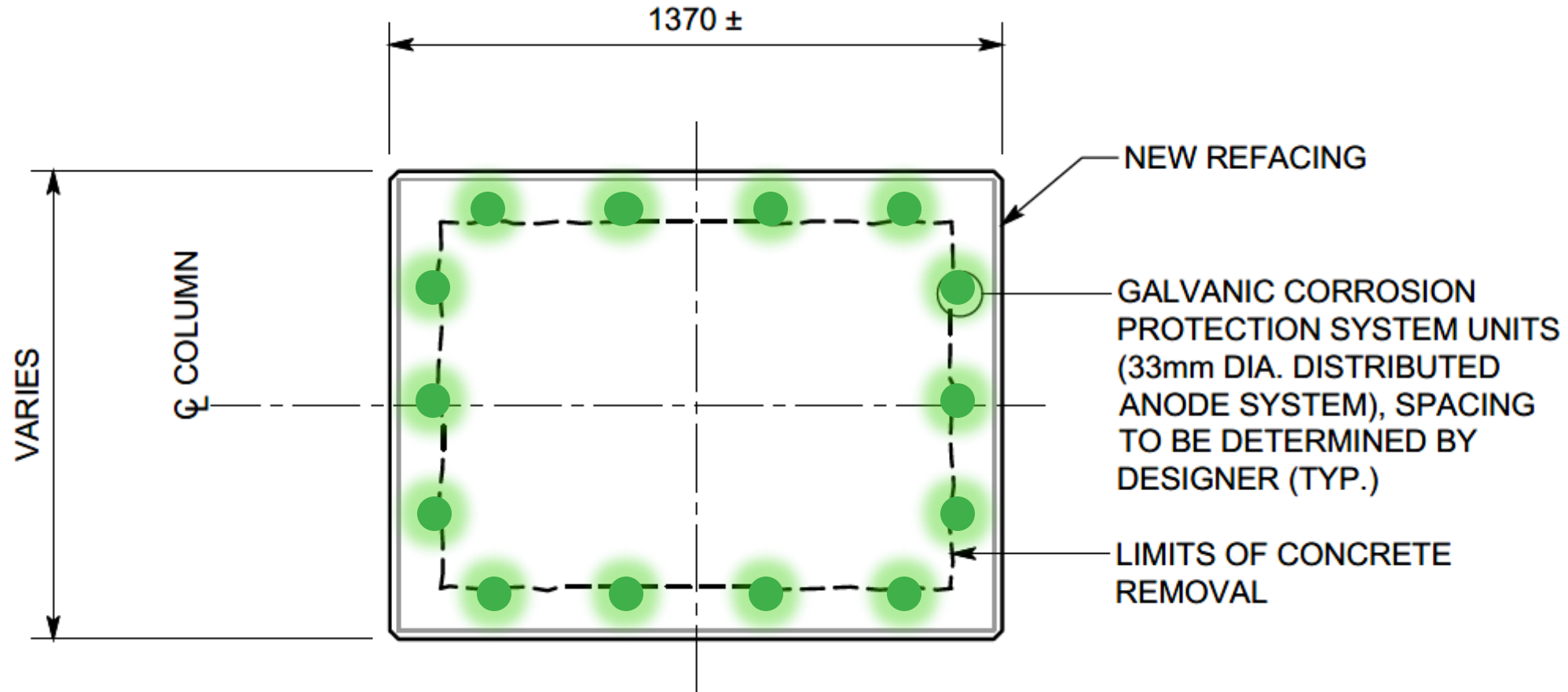
Conventional repairs do not stop corrosion in the surrounding / adjacent concrete if chloride-contaminated concrete remains



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Gardiner Expressway- Distributed Anode Installation





Repairs in Progress



Gardiner Expressway- After Rehabilitation



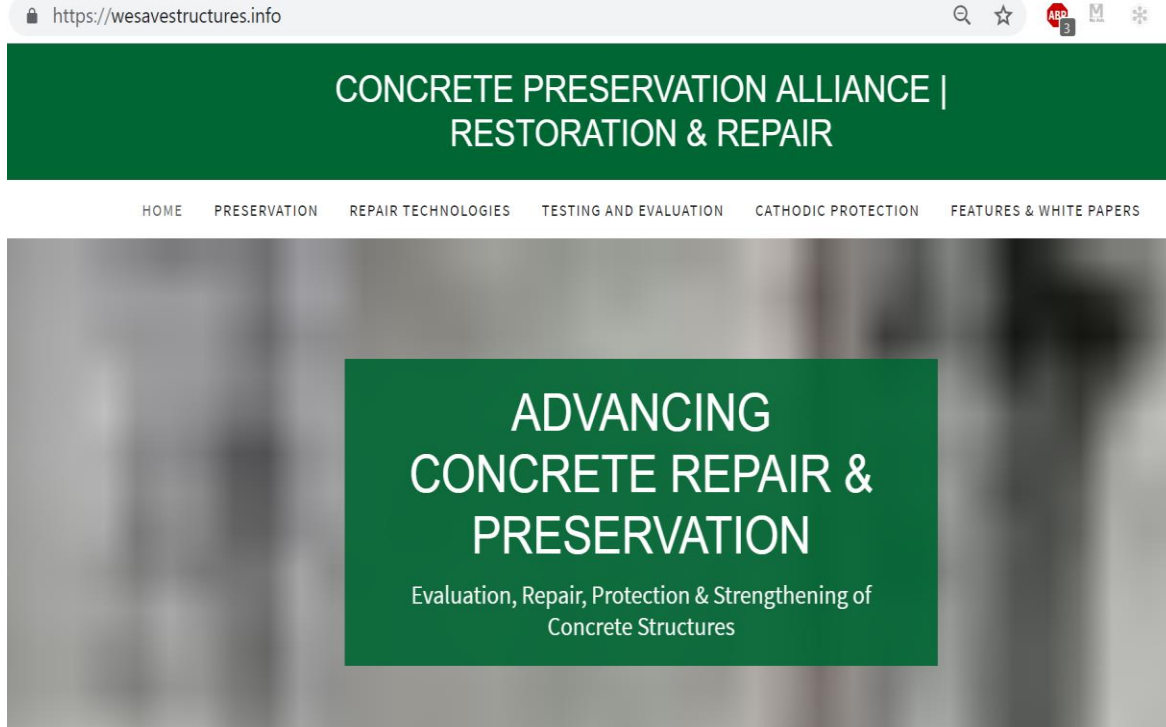
Concrete

- Concrete is **the most widely used man-made product** in the world
- **33 Billion tons produced per year** (~14 Billion m³)
- Huge **consumer of raw materials and energy**
 - Cement
 - Aggregate
 - Concrete production and transport
 - Steel production is also energy intensive

Gardiner Expressway

- **25+ year service life extension.**
 - **70,450 yd³ (53,865 m³)** of concrete was maintained in service.
 - **140,940 tons** of concrete rubble was not produced.
 - Enough potable water for the daily needs of **14,000 people** was conserved.
 - Reduced CO₂ emissions by **35,225 tons**.
 - Equivalent to annual emissions of **7,045 people**.
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WeSaveStructures.info



WeSaveStructures.Info is an educational website that promotes the benefits of preservation technologies which can extend the useful service life of concrete structures. To illustrate the benefits of concrete preservation, this website has useful Environmental Impact Calculator.

Inputs

Volume of concrete to be preserved

yd3

m3

Outputs

Emissions

Concrete CO2

US tons CO2

metric tons CO2

Steel CO2

US tons CO2

metric tons CO2

Carbon Dioxide

US tons CO2

metric tons CO2

Equivalent to annual CO2 emission of:

people

people

NOx (as NO2)

lbs

kg

SO2

lbs

kg

Total Pollutants

lbs

kg

Waste Generation

Solid Waste (Rubble)

US tons

metric tons

Energy (heat generation from cement production, cement hydration, and steel production)

GJ

GJ

Equivalent energy to boiling

Olympic Pools

Olympic Pools

Natural Resources Required

Fine aggregate

US Tons

metric tons

Coarse aggregate

US Tons

metric tons

Cement

US Tons

metric tons

Steel

US Tons

metric tons

Total tons

US Tons

metric tons

Potable Water

gal

liters

Equivalent to daily water usage for:

people

people

Questions?

